and the like. All other percentages are reported in tenths percent.

[52 FR 24418, June 30, 1987; 52 FR 28534, July 31, 1987, as amended at 54 FR 24157, June 6, 1989; 57 FR 3274, Jan. 29, 1992; 59 FR 10573, Mar. 7, 1994; 61 FR 18491, Apr. 26, 1996; 63 FR 20056, Apr. 23, 1998]

GRADES, GRADE REQUIREMENTS, AND GRADE DESIGNATIONS

§810.105 Grades and grade requirements.

The grades and grade requirements for each grain (except mixed grain) and shown in the grade table(s) of the respective standards. Mixed grain grade requirements are not presented in tabular form.

§810.106 Grade designations.

- (a) Grade designations for grain. The grade designations include in the following order:
 - (1) The letters "U.S.";
- (2) The abbreviation "No." and the number of the grade or the words "Sample grade";
 - (3) When applicable, the subclass;
 - (4) The class or kind of grain;
- (5) When applicable, the special grade(s) except in the case of bright, extra heavy, and heavy oats or plump rye, the special grades, "bright", "extra heavy", "heavy" and "plump" will precede the word "oats" or "rye" as applicable; and
- (6) When applicable, the word "dockage" together with the percentage

When applicable, the remarks section of the certificate will include in the order of predominance; in the case of a mixed class, the name and approximate percentage of the classes; in the case of sunflower seed, the percentage of admixture; in the case of mixed grain, the grains present in excess of 10.0 percent of the mixture and when applicable, the words Other grains followed by a statement of the percentage of the combined quantity of those kinds of grains, each of which is present in a quantity less than 10.0 percent; in the case of barley, if requested, the word "plump" with the percentage range thereof; in the case of wheat, if requested, the percentage of protein content.

(b) Optional grade designations. In addition to paragraph (a) of this Section, grain may be certificated under certain conditions as described in FGIS instructions when supported by official analysis, as "U.S. No. 2 or better (type of grain)", "U.S. No. 3 or better (type of grain)", and the like.

[52 FR 24418, June 30, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 15017, Apr. 27, 1988]

SPECIAL GRADES, SPECIAL GRADE RE-QUIREMENTS, AND SPECIAL GRADE DES-IGNATIONS

§810.107 Special grades and special grade requirements.

A special grade serves to draw attention to a special factor or condition present in the grain and, when applicable, is supplemental to the grade assigned under §810.106. Except for the special grade "infested," the special grades are identified and requirements are established in each respective grain standards.

- (a) Infested wheat, rye, and triticale. Tolerances for live insects responsible for infested wheat, rye, and triticale are defined according to sampling designations as follows:
- (1) Representative sample. The representative sample consists of the work portion, and the file sample if needed and when available. These grains will be considered infested if the representative sample (other than shiplots) contains two or more live weevils, or one live weevil and one or more other live insects injurious to stored grain, or two or more live insects injurious to stored grain.
- (2) Lot as a whole (stationary). The lot as a whole is considered infested when two or more live weevils, or one live weevil and one or more other live insects injurious to stored grain, or two or more other live insects injurious to stored grain are found in, on, or about the lot (excluding submitted samples and shiplots).
- (3) Sample as a whole (continuous loading/unloading of shiplots and bargelots). The minimum sample size for bargelots and shiplots is 500 grams per each 2,000 bushels of grain. The sample as a whole is considered infested when a component (as defined in FGIS instructions) contains two or more live weevils, or